

Permatex PermaPoxy 5 Minute General Purpose Epoxy Syringe

ITW AAMTech

Chemwatch: 5074-30 Version No: 9.1.1.1 Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 2

Issue Date: 13/10/2014 Print Date: 28/10/2014 Initial Date: Not Available S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

Product Identifier

Product name	Permatex PermaPoxy 5 Minute General Purpose Epoxy Syringe	
Chemical Name	lot Applicable	
Synonyms	PX84101 Permatex PermaPoxy 5 Minute General Purpose Epoxy Syringe, PX84201 Permatex PermaPoxy 5 Minute General Purpose Epoxy Tubes	
Proper shipping name	AVIATION REGULATED LIQUID, N.O.S. Not subject to this Code (see SP 106) (mercaptan amine blend)	
Chemical formula	Not Applicable	
Other means of identification	Not Available	
CAS number	Not Applicable	

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified

Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Details of the manufacturer/importer

Registered company name	ITW AAMTech
Address	100 Hassall Street 2164 NSW Australia
Telephone	1800 177 989
Fax	1800 308 556
Website	www.aamtech.com.au
Email	info@aamtech.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Not Available
Emergency telephone numbers	1800 039 008
Other emergency telephone numbers	+61 3 9573 3112

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Model WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	S5	
GHS Classification ^[1]	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Eye Irritation Category 2, Skin Sensitizer Category 1, Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 2, Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 2	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HSIS ; 3. Classification drawn from EC Directive 1272/2008 - Annex VI	

GHS label elements	
SIGNAL WORD	WARNING
Hazard statement(s)	
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statement(s): Prevention

P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Precautionary statement(s): Response

P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap	
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Co rinsing.		
P333+P313	B+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.	

Precautionary statement(s): Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s): Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised chemical landfill or if organic to high temperature incineration

SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
		Resin component
25068-38-6	>90	bisphenol A/ epichlorohydrin resin, liquid
		Hardener component comprising
		mercaptan amine blend

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	 If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

Inhalation	 If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested. Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Transport to hospital, or doctor.
Ingestion	 If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

 Water spray or fog. Alcohol stable foam.
Dry chemical powder.
 Carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result	
Advice for firefighters		
Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. 	

Fire Fighting	 Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Combustible. Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills	 Remove all ignition sources. Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective equipment.
Major Spills	 Moderate hazard. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.
	Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the MSDS.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. Use in a well-ventilated area. Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps. 		
Other information	 Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. 		

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	 Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	 Avoid cross contamination between the two liquid parts of product (kit). If two part products are mixed or allowed to mix in proportions other than manufacturer's recommendation, polymerisation with gelation and evolution of heat (exotherm) may occur. This excess heat may generate toxic vapour Avoid reaction with amines, mercaptans, strong acids and oxidising agents

PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Not Available

Control parameters

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

EMERGENCY LIMITS

Ingredient	TEEL-0	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
Permatex PermaPoxy 5 Minute General Purpose Epoxy Syringe	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
bisphenol A/				

Exposure controls

epichlorohydrin resin,

liquid

Appropriate engineering controls	Use in a well-ventilated area General exhaust is adequate under normal operating conditions.		
Personal protection			
Eye and face protection	 Safety glasses with side shields. Chemical goggles. Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. 		
Skin protection	See Hand protection below		
Hands/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber 		
Body protection	See Other protection below		
Other protection	 Overalls. P.V.C. apron. Barrier cream. 		
Thermal hazards	Not Available		

Recommended material(s)

GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

"Forsberg Clothing Performance Index".

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the *computer-generated* selection:

Permatex PermaPoxy 5 Minute General Purpose Epoxy Syringe Not Available

Material C	PI
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* CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

Respiratory protection

Not Available

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required.

Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required	Half-Face	Full-Face	Powered Air
M	nan race	1 un 1 uoc	I Owered All
Minimum	Respirator	Respirator	Respirator

A: Best Selection

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation. - * Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as "feel" or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

Protection Factor			
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS P2	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1 P2
up to 50 x ES	-	A-AUS / Class 1 P2	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-2 P2	A-PAPR-2 P2 ^

^ - Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Appearance Resin component: Clear viscous liquid with a slight odour; does not mix with water. Hardener component: Colourless to light yellow liquid; does not mix with water.		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.16 Resin; 1.13 Hardener
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not available.
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not available.	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	>260 Resin	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable
Flash point (°C)	>204 (PMCC) Resin; >93 Hardener	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	<1 BuAC = 1	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	0 (VOC - by wt)
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water (g/L)	Immiscible	pH as a solution(1%)	Not Applicable
Vapour density (Air = 1)	>1	VOC g/L	Not Available

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	See section 7	
Chemical stability	Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable. Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7	
Conditions to avoid	See section 7	
Incompatible materials	See section 7	
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5	

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours or aerosols (mists, fumes), generated by the material during the course of normal handling, may be harmful. Limited evidence or practical experience suggests that the material may produce irritation of the respiratory system, in a significant number of individuals, following inhalation. In contrast to most organs, the lung is able to respond to a chemical insult by first removing or neutralising the irritant and then repairing the damage. The repair process, which initially evolved protect mammalian lungs from foreign matter and antigens, may however, produce further lung damage resulting in the impairment of gas exchange, the primary function of the lungs.			
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. Ingestion may result in nausea, abdominal irritation, pain and vomiting			
Skin Contact	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substant number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. Skin irritation may also be present after prolonged or repeated exposure; this may result in a form of contact dermatitis (nonallergic). The dermatitis is often characterised by skin redness (erythema) and swelling (oedema) which may progress to blistering (vesiculation), scaling and thickening of the epidermis. At the microscopic level there m be intercellular oedema of the spongy layer of the skin (spongiosis) and intracellular oedema of the epidermis.			
Eye	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or may produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals. Repeated or prolonged eye contact may cause inflammation characterised by temporary redness (similar to windburn) of the conjunctivitis); temporary impairment of vision and/or other transient eye damage/ulceration may occur.			
Chronic	Practical experience shows that skin contact with the material is capable either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental animals. Sensitisation may give severe responses to very low levels of exposure, in situations where exposure may occur. Sensitisation may result in allergic dermatitis responses including rash, itching, hives or swelling of extremities.			
Permatex PermaPoxy 5 Minute General Purpose Epoxy		RRITATION Not Available		

Syringe		1
bisphenol A/	ΤΟΧΙϹΙΤΥ	IRRITATION
epichlorohydrin resin, liquid	Oral (rat) LD50: 11400 mg/kg	Eye (rabbit): 100mg - Mild
	Not Available	Not Available

Not available. Refer to individual constituents.

BISPHENOL A/ EPICHLOROHYDRIN RESIN, LIQUID	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions.
A suide Tradicities	

Acute Toxicity	0	Carcinogenicity	0
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	v	Reproductivity	0
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	0
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	0
Mutagenicity	0	Aspiration Hazard	0

Legend: v – Data required to make classification available

¥ − Data available but does not fill the criteria for classification

S – Data Not Available to make classification

CMR STATUS

Not Applicable

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. **DO NOT** discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
bisphenol A/ epichlorohydrin resin, liquid	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
bisphenol A/ epichlorohydrin resin, liquid	LOW (BCF = 23.24)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
bisphenol A/ epichlorohydrin resin, liquid	LOW (KOC = 51.43)

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods		
	 Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty. Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible. 	
Product / Packaging	Otherwise:	
disposal	If container can not be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill.	

• Where possible retain label warnings and MSDS and observe all notices pertaining to the product.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

	Microlineous 9
Marine Pollutant	
HAZCHEM	2Z

Land transport (ADG)

UN number	3334	
Packing group	Not Applicable	
UN proper shipping name	AVIATION REGULATED LIQUID, N.O.S. Not subject to this Code (see SP 106) (mercaptan amine blend)	
Environmental hazard	No relevant data	
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 9 Subrisk Not Applicable	
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 106 274 276 Limited quantity 0	

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	3334
Packing group	111

UN proper shipping name	Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. * † (mercaptan amine blend)			
Environmental hazard	No relevant data			
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class ICAO / IATA Subrisk ERG Code	9 Not Applicable 9A		
Special precautions for user	Attions r user Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack		A27 964 450L 964 450L	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack		Y964 30 kg G	

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	3334		
Packing group	Not Applicable		
UN proper shipping name	AVIATION REGULATED LIQUID, N.O.S. (mercaptan amine blend)		
Environmental hazard	No relevant data		
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 9 IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable		
Special precautions for user	EMS NumberNot ApplicableSpecial provisions960Limited QuantitiesNot Applicable		

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

bisphenol A/ epichlorohydrin resin, liquid(25068-38-6) is found on the following regulatory lists

"Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)", "Australia Hazardous Substances Information System - Consolidated Lists"

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

A list of reference resources used to assist the committee may be found at:

www.chemwatch.net/references

The (M)SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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